# **ANNEXURE 2**

# **CRITERIA FOR RANK LIST PREPARATION**

- 1) LET Admission will be based on a rank list prepared based on an entrance test
- 2) The Entrance Test have two parts ie, part A for Diploma students and D Voc stream candidates and Part B for B.Sc stream students.

 Part A of the Entrance Test for Diploma and D.Voc stream candidates is for 120 marks and will be onfollowing selected subjects of First year B.Tech course and English language.

i.	Basic civil & Mechanical Engg	- 30 marks (Annexure-9.1)	
ii.	Basic of Electrical and Electronics Engg	- 30 marks (Annexure-9.2)	
iii.	Programming in C	- 15 marks (Annexure-9.3)	
iv.	Engineering Mechanics	-15 marks (Annexure-9.4)	
v.	Mathematics	-20 marks (Annexure-9.5)	
vi.	English	-10 marks (Annexure-9.6)	
Don't D of the Entroped Test for D Se stream condidates is for 120 meres			

Part B of the Entrance Test for B.Sc stream candidates is for 120 marks and will be on followingselected subjects of first year B.Tech course and English language.

i.	Mathematics	-40 marks (Annexure-9.7)
ii.	Physics	-30 marks (Annexure-9.8)
iii.	Chemistry	-20 marks (Annexure-9.9)
iv.	Programming in C	-15 marks (Annexure-9.10)
v.	English	-15 marks (Annexure-9.11)

- 4) The detailed syllabus of the above selected subjects is shown in Annexure J
- 5) 1 mark for each correct answer. No negative marking.
- 6) Marking for more than one bubble against a question will be considered as wrong answer.
- 7) Erasing, overwriting, partial marking etc may also be treated as wrong answer.
- 8) No mark for unanswered questions.
- 9) If the candidate does not answer any single question, his candidature will be cancelled.

# 10) Resolution of tie for preparing the rank list for the Diploma/D.Voc stream

- a) If there is any tie exists for same rank, candidates with higher score in Mathematics will be placed inhigher rank.
- b) If tie still exists, candidates with higher score in English will be placed in higher rank.
- c) If the tie further exists, age of the candidate will be taken into account and the older will be placed inhigher rank than the younger one.

# 11) Resolution of tie for preparing the rank list for B.Sc stream

- a. If there is any tie exists for same rank, candidates with higher score in Mathematics will be placed inhigher rank.
- b. If tie still exists, candidates with higher score in Physics will be placed in higher rank.
- c. If the tie further exists, age of the candidate will be taken into account and the older will be placed in higher rank than the younger one.

# ANNEXURE 9

# SYLLABUS FOR DIPLOMA AND D. VOC STUDENTS ANNEXURE 9.1 BASICS OF CIVIL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (30 marks)

# Module 1

**General Introduction to Civil Engineering**: Relevance of Civil Engineering in the overall infrastructural development of the country. Responsibility of an engineer in ensuring the safety of built environment. Brief introduction to major disciplines of Civil Engineering like Transportation Engineering, Structural Engineering, Geo-technical Engineering, Water Resources Engineering and Environmental Engineering.

**Introduction to buildings**: Types of buildings, selection of site for buildings, components of a residential building and their functions.

Building rules and regulations: Relevance of NBC, KBR & CRZ norms (brief discussion only).

Building area: Plinth area, built up area, floor area, carpet area and floor area ratio for a building as per KBR.

# Module 2

Surveying: Importance, objectives and principles.

Construction materials, Conventional construction materials: types, properties and uses of building materials: bricks, stones, cement, sand and timber

Cement concrete: Constituent materials, properties and types.

Steel: Steel sections and steel reinforcements, types and uses.

**Modern construction materials:** Architectural glass, ceramics, Plastics, composite materials, thermal and acoustic insulating materials, decorative panels, waterproofing materials. Modern uses of gypsum, pre fabricated building components (brief discussion only).

# Module 3

**Building Construction**: Foundations: Bearing capacity of soil (definition only), functions of foundations, types – shallow and deep (brief discussion only). Load bearing and framed structures (concept only).

Brick masonry: - Header and stretcher bond, English bond & Flemish bond random rubble masonry.

**Roofs and floors**: - Functions, types; flooring materials (brief discussion only).

**Basic infrastructure services**: MEP, HVAC, elevators, escalators and ramps (Civil Engineering aspects only), fire safety for buildings.

Green buildings:- Materials, energy systems, water management and environment for green buildings. (brief discussion only).

# Module 4

Analysis of thermodynamic cycles: Carnot, Otto, Diesel cycles, Derivation of efficiency of these cycles, Problems to calculate heat added, heat rejected, net work and efficiency. IC Engines: CI, SI, 2-Stroke, 4-Stroke engines. Listing the parts of different types of IC Engines. Efficiencies of IC Engines(Definitions only), Air, Fuel, cooling and lubricating systems in SI and CI Engines, CRDI, MPFI. Concept of hybrid engines.

# Module 5

**Refrigeration**: Unit of refrigeration, reversed Carnot cycle,COP, vapour compression cycle (only description and no problems); Definitions of dry, wet & dew point temperatures, specific humidity and relative humidity, Cooling and dehumidification, Layout of unit and central air conditioners.

**Description about working with sketches of**: Reciprocating pump, Centrifugal pump, Pelton turbine, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine. Overall efficiency, Problems on calculation of input and output power of pumps and turbines (No velocity triangles)

Description about working with sketches of: Belt and Chain drives, Gear and Gear trains, Single plate clutches.

# Module 6

**Manufacturing Process**: Basic description of the manufacturing processes – Sand Casting, Forging, Rolling, Extrusion and their applications.

Metal Joining Processes: List types of welding, Description with sketches of Arc Welding, Soldering and Brazing and their applications

Basic Machining operations: Turning, Drilling, Milling and Grinding.

**Description about working with block diagram of**: Lathe, Drilling machine, Milling machine, CNC Machine. Principle of CAD/CAM, Rapid and Additive manufacturing.

# **BASICS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (30marks)**

# Module 1

# Elementary Concepts of Electric Circuits

**Elementary concepts of DC electric circuits**: Basic Terminology including voltage, current, power, resistance, emf; Resistances in series and parallel; Current and Voltage Division Rules; Capacitors &

Inductors: V-I relations and energy stored. Ohms Law and Kirchhoff's laws-Problems; Star-delta conversion (resistivenetworks only-derivation not required)-problems.

**Analysis of DC electric circuits**: Mesh current method - Matrix representation - Solution of network equations. Node voltage methods-matrix representation-solution of network equations by matrix methods. Numerical problems.

# Module 2

## Elementary Concepts of Magnetic circuits, Electromagnetic Induction and AC fundamentals

**Magnetic Circuits:** Basic Terminology: MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance - comparison between electric and magnetic circuits- Series and parallel magnetic circuits with composite materials, numerical problems.

Electromagnetic Induction: Faraday's laws, problems, Lenz's law- statically induced and dynamically induced emfs - Self-inductance and mutual inductance, coefficient of coupling

Alternating Current fundamentals: Generation of alternating voltages-Representation of sinusoidal

waveforms: frequency, period, Average, RMS values and form factor of waveforms-Numerical Problems.

## Module 3

AC Circuits: Phasor representation of sinusoidal quantities. Trignometric, Rectangular, Polar and complex forms.

Analysis of simple AC circuits: Purely resistive, inductive & capacitive circuits; Inductive and capacitive reactance, conceptof impedance. Average Power Power factor. Analysis of RL, RC and RLC series circuits-active, reactive and apparent power. Simple numerical problems.

**Three phase AC systems**: Generation of three phase voltages; advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connections (balanced only), relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents- Numerical problems

# Module 4

Introduction to Semiconductor devices: Evolution of electronics – Vacuum tubes to nano electronics. Resistors, Capacitors and Inductors (constructional features not required): types, specifications. Standard values, color coding. PN Junction diode: Principle of operation, V-I characteristics, principle of avalanche breakdown. Bipolar Junction Transistors: PNP and NPN structures, Principle of operation, relation between current gains in CE, CB and CC, input and output characteristics of common emitter configuration.

# Module 5

**Basic electronic circuits and instrumentation**: Rectifiers and power supplies: Block diagram description of a dc power supply, Working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis), working of simple zener voltage regulator. **Amplifiers**: Block diagram of Public Address system, Circuit diagram and working of common emitter (RC coupled) amplifier with its frequency response, Concept of voltage divider biasing. **Electronic Instrumentation**: Block diagram of an electronic instrumentation system.

# Module 6

Introduction to Communication Systems: Evolution of communication systems – Telegraphy to 5G.

**Radio communication**: principle of AM & FM, frequency bands used for various communication systems, block diagram of super heterodyne receiver, Principle of antenna – radiation from accelerated charge. **Mobile communication**: basic principles of cellular communications, principle and block diagram of GSM.

# **PROGRAMING IN C (15 marks)**

## Module 1

### **Basics of Computer Hardware and Software**

Basics of Computer Architecture: processor, Memory, Input& Output devices

Application Software & System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart Algorithms, Pseudo code (bubble sort, linear search - algorithms and pseudocode)

# Module 2 Program Basics

**Basic structure of C program**: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C, Variables and Data Types ,Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf

**Operators and Expressions**: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators, Conditional operator, size of operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators. Operators

#### Precedence

**Control Flow Statements**: If Statement, Switch Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement, While Loop, Do While Loop, For Loop, Break and Continue statements.(Simple programs covering control flow)

### Module 3

Arrays and strings

### Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, 2-Dimensional Array

**String processing**: In built String handling functions (strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets) Linear search program, bubble sort program, simple programs covering arrays and strings

### Module 4

### Working with functions

Introduction to modular programming, writing functions, formal parameters, actual parameters Pass by Value, Recursion, Arrays as Function Parameters structure, union, Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables, simple programs using functions

### Module 5 Pointers and Files

Basics of Pointer: declaring pointers, accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, array access using pointers, pass by reference effect

File Operations: open, close, read, write, append.

**Sequential access and random access to files**: In built file handling functions (rewind(), fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite()), simple programs covering pointers and files.

# **ENGINEERING MECHANICS (15 marks)**

## Module 1

**Introduction to Engineering Mechanics**-statics-basic principles of statics-Parallelogram law, equilibrium law, principles of superposition and transmissibility, law of action and reaction(review) free body diagrams. Concurrent coplanar forces-composition and resolution of forces-resultant and equilibrium equations – methods of projections – methods of moments – Varignon's Theorem of moments.

## Module 2

**Friction** – sliding friction - Coulomb's laws of friction – analysis of single bodies –wedges, ladder- analysis of connected bodies .

**Parallel coplanar forces** – couple - resultant of parallel forces – centre of parallel forces – equilibrium of parallel forces – Simple beam subject to concentrated vertical loads. General coplanar force system - resultant and equilibrium equations.

### Module 3

**Centroid of composite areas**- – moment of inertia-parallel axis and perpendicular axis theorems. Polar moment of inertia, radius of gyration, mass moment of inertia-ring, cylinder and disc. Theorem of Pappus Guldinus (demonstration only) **Forces in space** - vectorial representation of forces, moments and couples –resultant and equilibrium equations – concurrent forces in space (simple problems only)

### Module 4

### Dynamics - rectilinear translation - equations of kinematics(review)

kinetics – equation of motion – D'Alembert's principle. – motion on horizontal and inclined surfaces, motion of connected bodies. Impulse momentum equation and work energy equation (concepts only).

Curvilinear translation - equations of kinematics –projectile motion(review), kinetics – equation of motion. Moment of momentum and work energy equation (concepts only).

# Module 5

**Rotation** – kinematics of rotation- equation of motion for a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis – rotation under a constant moment.

Plane motion of rigid body – instantaneous centre of rotation (concept only).

**Simple harmonic motion** – free vibration –degree of freedom- undamped free vibration of spring mass system-effect of damping(concept only)

### **MATHEMATICS (20 marks)**

### Module 1

### Linear algebra

Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination, row echelon form and rank of a matrix, fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and non-homogeneous, without proof), Eigen values and eigen vectors. Diagonalization of matrices, orthogonal transformation, quadratic forms and their canonical forms.

## Module 2

### Multivariable calculus-Differentiation and Integration

Concept of limit and continuity of functions of two variables, partial derivatives, chain rule, total derivative, Relative maxima and minima, Absolute maxima and minima on closed and bounded set.

Double integrals (Cartesian), reversing the order of integration, Change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar).

### Module 3

### Sequences and series

Convergence of sequences and series, convergence of geometric series and p-series(without proof), test of convergence (comparison, ratio and root tests without proof).

Taylor series (without proof, assuming the possibility of power series expansion in appropriate domains), Binomial series and series representation of exponential, trigonometric, logarithmic functions (without proofs of convergence); Fourier series, Euler formulas, Convergence of Fourier series (without proof).

## Module 4

# **Calculus of vector functions**

Vector valued function of single variable, derivative of vector function and geometrical interpretation, motion along a curvevelocity, speed and acceleration. Concept of scalar and vector fields, Gradient and its properties, directional derivative, divergence and curl.

# Module- 5

### Ordinary differential equations, Laplace Transforms and Fourier Transforms

Homogenous linear differential equation of second order, superposition principle, general solution, homogenous linear ODEs with constant coefficients-general solution. Solution of Euler-Cauchy equations (second order only). Existence and uniqueness (without proof).

Laplace Transform and its inverse, linearity, Laplace transform of basic functions, Laplace transform of derivatives and integrals, solution of differential equations using Laplace transform, Unit step function.

Fourier integral representation, Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier sine and cosine transforms, inverse sine and cosine transform.

Fourier transform and inverse Fourier transform, basic properties.

# ANNEXURE 9.6

### ENGLISH (10 marks)

For English, out of 10 marks to be awarded, 5 marks will be for questions based on a given passage and remaining 5 marks for basic Grammar and General English of plus 2 standards.

# SYLLABUS FOR B.SC STUDENTS ANNEXURE 9.7

# **MATHEMATICS(40 marks)**

### Module 1 Linear algebra

Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination, row echelon form and rank of a matrix, fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and non-homogeneous, without proof), Eigen values and eigen vectors. Diagonalization of matrices, orthogonal transformation, quadratic forms and their canonical forms.

## Module 2

### Multivariable calculus-Differentiation and Integration

Concept of limit and continuity of functions of two variables, partial derivatives, chain rule, total derivative, Relative maxima and minima, Absolute maxima and minima on closed and bounded set.

Double integrals (Cartesian), reversing the order of integration, Change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar).

### Module 3

### Sequences and series

Convergence of sequences and series, convergence of geometric series and p-series(without proof), test of convergence (comparison, ratio and root tests without proof).

Taylor series (without proof, assuming the possibility of power series expansion in appropriate domains), Binomial series and series representation of exponential, trigonometric, logarithmic functions (without proofs of convergence); Fourier series, Euler formulas, Convergence of Fourier series (without proof).

### Module 4

### **Calculus of vector functions**

Vector valued function of single variable, derivative of vector function and geometrical interpretation, motion along a curvevelocity, speed and acceleration. Concept of scalar and vector fields, Gradient and its properties, directional derivative, divergence and curl.

### Module- 5

### Ordinary differential equations, Laplace Transforms and Fourier Transforms

Homogenous linear differential equation of second order, superposition principle, general solution, homogenous linear ODEs with constant coefficients-general solution. Solution of Euler-Cauchy equations (second order only). Existence and uniqueness (without proof).

Laplace Transform and its inverse, linearity, Laplace transform of basic functions, Laplace transform of derivatives and integrals, solution of differential equations using Laplace transform, Unit step function.

Fourier integral representation, Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier sine and cosine transforms, inverse sine and cosine transform. Fourier transform and inverse Fourier transform, basic properties.

# **ENGINEERING PHYSICS (30 marks)**

### Module 1

# **Engineering Mechanics and Friction**

**Introduction to Engineering Mechanics**-statics-basic principles of statics-Parallelogram law, equilibrium law, principles of superposition and transmissibility, law of action and reaction(review) free body diagrams.

Concurrent coplanar forces-composition and resolution of forces-resultant and equilibrium equations –methods of projections – methods of moments .

**Friction** – **sliding friction** - Coulomb's laws of friction – analysis of single bodies –wedges, ladder- analysis of connected bodies .

## Module 2

**Dynamics** – rectilinear translation - equations of kinematics (review) kinetics – equation of motion – D'Alembert's principle. – motion on horizontal and inclined surfaces, motion of connected bodies. Impulse momentum equation and work energy equation (concepts only).

*Rotation* – kinematics of rotation- equation of motion for a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis – rotation under a constant moment. Plane motion of rigid body – instantaneous centre of rotation (concept only).

Simple harmonic motion – free vibration –degree of freedom- undamped free vibration of spring mass system-effect of damping(concept only)

## Module3

### **Oscillations, Waves and Wave Optics**

Harmonic oscillations, Damped harmonic motion- Over damped, Critically damped and Under damped Cases, Quality factor-Expression, Forced oscillations, Amplitude Resonance-Expression for Resonant frequency, Quality factor and Sharpness of Resonance, Wave motion- Derivation of one dimensional wave equation and its solution.

Interference of light-Principle of superposition of waves, Theory of thin films - Cosine law (Reflected system), Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference, - Measurement of wavelength and refractive index, Diffraction of light, Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction.

### Module 4

### **Quantum Mechanics & Nanotechnology**

Introduction for the need of Quantum mechanics, Wave nature of Particles, Uncertainty principle, Applications-Absence of electrons inside a nucleus and Natural line broadening Mechanism. Introduction to nanoscience and technology, Increase in surface to volume ratio for nanomaterials, Quantum confinement in one dimension, Properties of nanomaterials-mechanical, electrical and optical, Applications of nanotechnology (qualitative ideas)

# **Acoustics & Ultrasonics**

Acoustics, Classification of sound-Musical sound-Noise, Characteristics of Musical Sounds-Pitch orfrequency-Loudness or Intensity-Measurement of Intensity level-Decibel-Quality or timbre, Absorption coefficient, Reverberation-Reverberation time-Significance- Factors affecting architectural acoustics and their remedies, Magnetostriction effect and Piezoelectric effect, Magnetostriction oscillator and piezoelectric oscillator –Working, Detection of ultrasonic waves.

### Module 5

## Laser and Fibre optics

Properties of laser, Absorption and emission of radiation, Spontaneous and stimulated emission, Construction and working of Ruby laser and Helium neon laser .Applications of laser, Holography, Difference between hologram and photograph, Applications Optic fibre-Principle of propagation of light, Types of fibres-Step index and Graded index fibres, Numerical aperture.

# **ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY (20 marks)**

# Module 1

### **Electrochemistry and Corrosion**

Introduction - Differences between electrolytic and electrochemical cells - Daniel cell - redox reactions - cell representation. Different types of electrodes (brief) - Reference electrodes - SHE - Calomel electrode - Glass Electrode - Construction and Working. Single electrode potential - definition - Helmholtz electrical double layer -Determination of E0 using calomel electrode. Determination of pH using glass electrode. Electrochemical series and its applications. Free energy and EMF - Nernst Equation - Derivation - single electrode and cell (Numericals) -Application - Variation of emf with temperature. Potentiometric titration - Introduction -Redox titration only. Lithiumion cell - construction and working. Conductivity- Measurement of conductivity of a solution (Numericals).

**Corrosion**-Electrochemical corrosion – mechanism. Galvanic series- cathodic protection - electroless plating –Copper and Nickel plating.

# Module 2

## **Spectroscopic Techniques and Applications**

Introduction- Types of spectrum - electromagnetic spectrum - molecular energy levels - Beer Lambert's law (Numericals). UV-Visible Spectroscopy – Principle - Types of electronic transitions - Energy level diagram of ethane, butadiene, benzene and hexatriene. Instrumentation of UV-Visible spectrometer and applications.IR-Spectroscopy – Principle - Number of vibrational modes - Vibrational energy states of a diatomic molecule and -Determination of force constant of diatomic molecule (Numericals) –Applications. 1H NMR spectroscopy – Principle - Relation between field strength and frequency - chemical shift spin-spin splitting (spectral problems) - coupling constant (definition) - applications of NMR- including MRI (brief).

# Module 3

# **Instrumental Methods and Nanomaterials**

Thermal analysis –TGA- Principle, instrumentation (block diagram) and applications – TGA of CaC2O4.H2O and polymers. DTA-Principle, instrumentation (block diagram) and applications - DTA of CaC2O4.H2O. Chromatographic methods - Basic principles and applications of column and TLCRetention factor. GC and HPLC-Principle, instrumentation (block diagram) - retention time and applications.

**Nanomaterials** - Definition - Classification - Chemical methods of preparation - Hydrolysis and Reduction - Applications of nanomaterials - Surface characterisation -SEM – Principle and instrumentation (block diagram).

### Module 4

### **Stereochemistry and Polymer Chemistry**

Isomerism-Structural, chain, position, functional, tautomerism and matamerism - Definition with examples - Representation of 3D structures-Newman, Sawhorse, Wedge and Fischer projection of substituted methane and ethane. Stereoisomerism - Geometrical isomerism in double bonds and cycloalkanes (cis-trans and E-Z notations). R-S Notation – Rules and examples - Optical isomerism, Chirality, Enantiomers and Diastereoisomers-Definition with examples. Conformational analysis of ethane, butane, cyclohexane, mono and di methyl substituted cyclohexane.

Copolymers - Definition - Types - Random, Alternating, Block and Graft copolymers - ABS - preparation, properties and applications. Kevlar-preparation, properties and applications. Conducting polymers - Doping -Polyaniline and Polypyrrole - preparation properties and applications. OLED - Principle, construction and advantages.

### Module 5

# Water Chemistry and Sewage Water Treatment

Water characteristics - Hardness - Types of hardness- Temporary and Permanent - Disadvantages of hard water -Units of hardness- ppm and mg/L -Degree of hardness (Numericals) - Estimation of hardness-EDTA method (Numericals). Water softening methods-Ion exchange process-Principle, procedure and advantages. Reverse osmosis – principle, process and advantages. Municipal water treatment (brief) - Disinfection methods - chlorination, ozone andUV irradiation.

Dissolved oxygen (DO) -Estimation (only brief procedure-Winkler's method), BOD and COD definition, estimation (only brief procedure) and significance (Numericals). Sewage water treatment - Primary, Secondary and Tertiary - Flow diagram - Trickling filter and UASB process

# **PROGRAMING IN C (15 marks)**

### Module 1

#### **Basics of Computer Hardware and Software**

Basics of Computer Architecture: processor, Memory, Input& Output devices

Application Software & System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart Algorithms, Pseudo code (bubble sort, linear search - algorithms and pseudocode)

### Module 2 Program Basics

**Basic structure of C program**: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C, Variables and Data Types, Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf

**Operators and Expressions**: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators, Conditional operator, size of operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators. Operators

Precedence

**Control Flow Statements**: If Statement, Switch Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement, While Loop, Do While Loop, For Loop, Break and Continue statements.(Simple programs covering control flow)

#### Module 3

#### Arrays and strings

Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, 2-Dimensional Array

String processing: In built String handling functions (strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets) Linear search program, bubble sort program, simple programs covering arrays and strings

#### Module 4

# Working with functions

Introduction to modular programming, writing functions, formal parameters, actual parameters Pass by Value, Recursion, Arrays as Function Parameters structure, union, Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables, simple programs using functions

#### **Module 5 Pointers and Files**

Basics of Pointer: declaring pointers, accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, array access using pointers, pass by reference effect

File Operations: open, close, read, write, append.

**Sequential access and random access to files**: In built file handling functions (rewind(), fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite()), simple programs covering pointers and files.

# **ANNEXURE 9.11**

### ENGLISH (15 marks)

### Total 15 questions for 15 marks based on the following topics

Vocabulary Building, The concept of Word Formation, Root words from foreign languages and their use in English, Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives. Synonyms, antonyms, and standard abbreviations. Basic Writing Skills, Sentence Structures, Use of phrases and clauses in sentences, Importance of proper punctuation, Creating coherence, Organizing principles of paragraphs in documents, Techniques for writing precisely Identifying common errors in writing, Subject-verb agreement, Noun-pronoun agreement, Misplaced modifiers, Articles Prepositions, Redundancies, Clichés, Nature and Style of sensible writing, Describing, Defining, Classifying, Providing examples or evidence, Writing introduction and conclusion.